

Goods.

SCHOLFIELD,
A received,
Portment of GOODS
which they will sell
the bark of Alexandria
following Articles,
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Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol VI.]

SATURDAY, May 31, 1806.

[No. 1615.

SALES AT VENDUE.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD,
At the Vendue-Store,
Corner of Prince and Water streets,
A Variety of DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES, &c.
Particulars of which will be expedit in the
bills of the day.]

All kind of goods which are on limitation and
the prices of which are established, can at any
time be viewed and purchased at the lowest li-
mitation and prices.

Philip G. Marsteller, v. m.

For Liverpool,

(To sail with all convenient speed)

The new, fast sailing

SHIP

INTREPID,

Captain SMITH;

Will take freight on moderate
terms if early application is made
to the master on board, or to

Marsteller and Young.

May 29.

FOR SALE,

On board the ship INTREPID, lying at Conway's

wharf,

1500 sacks Liverpool stoved Salt

100 tons common do.

A few boxes Crown Window Glass, of dif-
ferent sizes

Some crates well ass'rted Earthen Ware

One cask Crucibles and empty Bottles.

They will be sold low if applied for immedi-
ately and taken from on board.

Apply to

Marsteller and Young.

May 29.

Herrings and Shad

600 barrels excellent Herrings and
Shad—for sale, by

Douglas & Mandeville.

May 27.

SALT—Afloat.

The CARGO of the Ship Alexandria,
Capt. Brandt,

—CONSISTING OF—

9000 bushels Coarse Lymington
SALT,

Will be sold on very reasonable terms, if imme-
diate application is made.

Lawrafson & Fowle.

May 27.

Colston and Turner,

Have received from New York, and are now
opening at their Lines Store, on Royal Street,
opposite Mr. James Russells,

AN ASSORTMENT OF

Full Linens, Diaper Table Cloths,
brown Hollands, Platillas, and Ticklenburgs.

And daily expect,

Diapers, Checks, Hempeas, Dow-
laps, Sheetings, Threads, &c.

Also for Sale,

A few chests of Imperial and Hysen
Tea, of the latest importations—and 50 sacks
of Liverpool Salt.

May 9.

BOTTLED BEER.

To. Morrow morning, at 7 o'clock, and, if encou-
raged, each succeeding morning.

A dray with BOTTLED BEER
will go about TOWN:

When the citizens may supply themselves with
that wholesome beverage at six pence per bottle,
to be paid for on delivery.

Orders from the country and shipping or-
ders will be executed on the shortest notice.—

Apply to

T. CRUSE.

May 8.

FRESH TEAS.

Now landing from on board the brig Harmony
from New York.

12 chests Young Hysen, } Of the latest

5 do. Hysen,

10 do. Hysen Skin, } Importation.

Which will be sold on very mod-
erate terms, by

James Sanderson.

April 21.

For Freight or Charter,



The Ship

ENTERPRISE,

Captain Colcord,

About 300 hogsheads burthen—now laying at
Merchants wharf—a fine new vessel. A prefer-
ence will be given to Liverpool, and advances
made on consignment to Messrs. Logan, Lenox
and Co.

William Hodgson.

Who has for sale, on board said ship,
500 sacks Liverpool stoved Salt,
6000 bushels do. coarse.

May 24.

Plaster Paris & Lime—afloat.

100 tons Plaster Paris,

70 casks Lime,

On board Brig Nancy, Captain Hall,

AND FOR SALE BY

Lawrafson & Fowle,

Who have also received by said Brig, Schooner
Dove, and Packet, from Baltimore,
30 boxes Cod Fish

70 do. Mould and Dift Candles

120 do. Half Boxes Brown Soap

1 Bale Beerboon Gurrabs

Imperial, } TEAS,

Young Hysen } of the latest importations.

20 barrels N. E. Rum

75 casks Bologna Gunpowder

10 cases Fig Blue

In Stock,

Prime Beek and Pork

Russia and Ravens Duck

Young Hysen and Hysen Skin Teas

Mulcovado Sugar

Casks Claret and Madeira Wine

200 Boxes Mould and Dift Candles

50 do. Chocolate, &c. &c.

May 28.

PUBLIC SALE.

PURSUANT to a deed of trust from

James Brandon and Elizabeth his wife, dated

the 21st of February, 1805, for the purpose there

by intended, will be sold, on the premises, to

the highest bidder, for cash, on the 27th day of

August next, a LOT of GROUND, fronting

22 feet 3 inches on the east side of Water street,

and 150 feet deep, situated between Duke and

Prince streets, in the town of Alexandria; where

on is erected a neat and convenient Frame Dwelling

house.

Wants a Situation in a Retail Store,

A YOUNG MAN of respectable connecti-

ons, who writes a good hand and is ac-

quainted with accounts.

Apply to the PRINTER.

May 28. dt

PUBLIC SALE.

ON WEDNESDAY

The 4th of June, will be sold at the house of

the late Duncan Neven, on Fairfax street, all

the personal estate of the deceased; consist-

ing of

Beds, bedding, and bedsteads; ta-

bles, chairs, some plate, a gold watch, wearing

apparel, kitchen furniture, &c. A variety of

carpenters' tools, and a good milch cow.

P. G. Marsteller.

May 28. dt

PUBLIC SALE.

PURSUANT to a deed of trust from

James Brandon and Elizabeth his wife, dated

the 21st of February, 1805, for the purpose there

by intended, will be sold, on the premises, to

the highest bidder, for cash, on the 27th day of

August next, a LOT of GROUND, fronting

22 feet 3 inches on the east side of Water street,

and 150 feet deep, situated between Duke and

Prince streets, in the town of Alexandria; where

on is erected a neat and convenient Frame Dwelling

house.

Thomas Vowell, Trustee.

May 28. dt

PUBLIC SALE.

PURSUANT to a decree of the superior court

of chancery, held at Richmond, will be ex-

posed to sale, TWO TRACTS OF LAND,

in the county of Loudoun, the property of The

late Atwood Diggs, Esq. One called the Valley

Tract, containing about 1697 acres, lying about

Green Hill Tract, lying on the Potowmac river,

near the Blue Ridge, and supposed to contain

about 1020 acres. These lands are to be sold

for the purpose of raising the sum of about six

thousand dollars, due from the said Thomas A.

Diggs to certain creditors in the decree men-
tioned. The sale will be made to the highest bid-

der for ready money, and will commence on the

13th day of June next, in the town of Leesburg,

and county of Loudoun.

Thomas Swan, } Commissioners.

W. C. Selden, } Commissioners.

April 22. dt

THE Subscriber and possessor

of the above advertised Lands thinks it proper to warn

any person who may incline to purchase under the above

decree (which was obtained in the most secret manner

and totally unknown to him) that he will not give, or

aid in any manner the procuring a title to perfect such

title; the attempt to which is a vague and ill-tempered

effort.

Thomas A. Diggs.

April 24.

The public are notified, and

all persons are cautioned, against purchasing certain

lands in Loudoun county, Virginia, decreed, by the su-

perior court of Chancery, to be sold as the property of

Thomas Atwood Diggs, and advertised by the com-

misseurs, Swan and Selden, to be sold at Leesburg on

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the general
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MAIL.

ay 28.

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and Greenock
articles as ap-
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s, detained
England, from
the British co-
in a state of
the 23d of April
the bill for re-
between the Uni-
colonies, was of
time that day
ate secretary
or of Canada
or of Bar-

LONDON,
"Statesman Office, 8 o'clock
"We are this moment inform-
ing of truce landed at Dover at
his morning. The bearer was
of the artillery, and of the legion
He would not deliver his dispa-
Keith, as his orders were to give
sonally to Mr. Fox."

Ship came
+ Bradford 60 +
days from Lisbon
ship arrived
+ Ward 63 days from
Bremen

Another communication has reached mi-
nisters from the French government. Yes-
terday morning about 6 o'clock, the Com-
batant gun brig, which was cruising off the
South Fureland, fell in with a flag of truce
from Calais. The dispatches were taken
from on board the French vessel, and landed
at Deal about 4 o'clock in the afternoon:
they were of course immediately forwarded
to Mr. Fox's office. The same degree of
invaluable secrecy has been observed by mi-
nisters upon this as upon former occasions;
the nature and object of these dispatches,
therefore, remain unknown. It is supposed
by many persons that they relate to an ob-
ject more important than the exchange of
prisoners; and this supposition is, in a
great degree, founded upon the reports
which are in very general circulation upon
the continent, viz. that Bonaparte has made a
pacific proposition to the British govern-
ment. It is however, more probable that
they contain the final determination of the
French government respecting the ex-
change of prisoners.

April 20.

Near Betszoe, a new Russian army of
100,000 men is assembling. Twenty regi-
ments of cossacks were, at the date of the
last accounts, hourly expected there. At
Robryn, all the tailors, shoemakers, &c.
were put in requisition to provide clothing
for the Russian troops, and were paid most
liberally.

The emperor of Germany allows the ex-
portation of provisions, cattle, &c. from his
dominions, for the support of the Russian
army; and Russian commissioners have
been accredited throughout the hereditary
states. M. Rochefoucault has remonstrated
on the occasion, but the supplies are
continued.

April 21.

Government this morning received the
following important information:

*Copy from the log book of the American ship
Dorothia, dated 4th Feb. 1806.*

"At 2 o'clock A. M. discovered a fleet to
the north west which gave chase to us, in
studding sails and hove to. At three the
headmost ship, the Patriot, came up with
us, and proved French. After examining us
she carried us up to the admiral; and after asking many questions relative to
English convoys, they allowed us to proceed.
We counted six sail of the line and
one frigate, lat. 15, 22, long 18, 25, west.
The Patriot informed the captain of the
Dorothia that they had sailed from Brest
on the 14th of December, 18 sail in number,
but had separate divisions: they had
taken 5 English ships with troops on board.
They denied that they had any troops on
board, although the admiral's ship appeared
full of troops. The ships were—Télé-
24, Majestic 74, Impéreux 74, Foudroyant
74, Veteran 74, De Castor 74, Valen-
cier 44, all French—Admirals, Guille-
ame and Jerome Bonaparte. St. Helena
east 130 leagues.

The Cape of Good Hope is to be the
grand military depot for the supply of our
Asian possessions, the chief administra-
tion of which, it is said, is to be placed in
the hands of Sir J. C. Hippesley, and that
general Sincoe is to be commander in
chief.

An order in council has been published
in the London Gazette, extending the late
embargo upon Prussian vessels to all ships,
&c. belonging to persons residing in any
of the ports and places, up the rivers Elbe,
Weser, and Ems, except such as are navigated
under the Danish flag. This fact,
and an official notification of Lord Howick,
that a convoy is appointed for the Baltic
fleet, tend to prove, that a good understand-
ing exists between the British and Danish
courts, and that no apprehension need be
entertained at present of the Sound being
shut against us.

April 24.

A considerable part of the people of this
country is now informed of the treachery
and duplicity of Prussia; in a few weeks
they will be known to all Europe. The
speeches of Lord Grenville and Mr. Fox
yesterday in Parliament, and the important
declaration delivered on Sunday last by his
majesty as elector of Hanover, contain the
essence and particulars of that system of
deliberate fraud, of avarice, and of selfish-
ness, upon which the cabinet of Berlin, ap-
pears to have acted from the first moment
that there was a prospect of the renewal of
the continental war. Well might Bonaparte,
in his 34th military bulletin, expand himself

to count Haugwitz, and
Prussia had never a more
esteemed friend than France?"
that his Prussian majesty
had to the emperor of
the tomb of Frederic the great,
eternal fidelity to him and to
the, he had perjury and trea-
tation. All his measures
were calculated to lure and
betray. It was perhaps fortunate for Alex-
ander that the Prussians had not joined
him at the battle of Austerlitz; the event
might have been more adverse than it was.
Such was the premeditated treachery of the
king of Prussia, that we should not be surpris-
ed to hear that in the heat of the battle he
had given orders to his troops to go over
to the enemy, and turn their arms against
their ally.

We are happy to find such perfect unani-
mity prevail in both houses of parliament,
on the subject of the measures which have
been adopted against Prussia. It is an o-
men which promises a zealous concurrence
in whatever can give vigor and extent to
the conduct of the war.

April 26.

It is no longer a secret that the late inter-
courses with France, by flags of truce, re-
speced proposals for peace on her part.—
But these having been found inadmissible,
the papers which have passed between the
two countries will shortly be laid before
parliament.

We already stated that an expedition is
now fitting out for the continent, which is
to be commanded by Lord Cathcart. We
understand it will consist of not less than
12,000 men, cavalry and infantry. Lord
Cathcart is to have the appointment of his
own staff. The dragoon guards and foot
guards will form a large portion of this
army, which is destined to co-operate with
the gallant king of Sweden.

April 28.

We learn from Constantinople, that the
Turkish troops upon the Russian frontiers
are considerably increasing, which, with
other circumstances, has induced M. Ita-
linski, the Russian minister, to demand
explanation relative to these preparations,
and that he was informed by the Reis
Effendi, that such preparations were neces-
sary for restoring and preserving peace in
the interior of the Turkish empire. A
considerable Turkish fleet is fitting out.

The promises and threats of France and
Prussia to induce Denmark to exclude our
sail from the Baltic, have been hitherto
unavailing; the Danish ministry insist on
rigid neutrality; and it is probable that
she will succeed in maintaining it.

The recent movements of the French
on the Austrian frontiers and the reinforce-
ment of their corps in Bavaria, have cre-
ated much uneasiness at Vienna. On the
arrival of a courier from Berthier, the
French minister at Vienna communicated
to the Imperial cabinet the determination
of his master to retain possession of Brau-
nau until the affairs of Dalmatia were ad-
justed. Prince Schwarzenberg was im-
mediately dispatched to Paris, with a
strong remonstrance on this violation of
the treaty of Presburgh.

The hostility of France towards Aus-
tria, which has recently manifested itself
on numerous occasions, was lately insult-
ingly expressed towards the imperial min-
ister count Stutterheim. The count on
his return from Paris, whither he had been
sent on a special mission, stopped at Mu-
nich; but on the following day he received
orders from the Batavian government for
his immediate departure; and an adjutant
of gen. Berthier attended to see the order
enforced. It was the general opinion in

Holland, that the peace will be of short
duration. France appears desirous to
strike a blow, before the extensive military
arrangements now carrying on, under the
orders of the archduke Charles can be or-
ganized; and it is certain that the unceas-
ing accumulation of Russian troops on the
Austrian frontiers is the occasion of the
most serious solicitude to Bonaparte.

There was a report on Saturday that gen.
Mack had been convicted of high treason,
and condemned to suffer the pain of death.

The trial of Lord Viscount Melville com-
mences to-morrow morning.

Price of stocks this day, consols 60 1-8.
Omnium 2 1-4.

Paris papers to the 19th inst. and Dutch
to the 22d inst. were received on Friday
night. The most important article they
contain is, a long detailed commentary in
the Moniteur upon the state of Europe.
According to this Expose, Hanover is only
occupied by, but not definitively annexed
to Prussia. The king of Prussia has de-
clared otherwise. Which of the two tells
the lie? France demands of Austria what
Austria cannot give, possession of Dalmatia.
In consequence of the Russians hav-
ing occupied Cattaro, it is officially declar-
ed, "that Brauau, which commands the

frontier of the Inn, has been re-occupied
and garrisoned; that the French army has
been ordered to resume its position, and
that the Austrian prisoners, who were on
their way home have been stopped until fur-
ther orders."

There is a scheme in these papers for
making the elector of Saxony surrender
that country to Prussia, and take in return
the Prussian part of Poland.

An article, copied from the Presburgh
Gazette into the Paris papers, says a nu-
merous Russian army is approaching Prus-
sia."

The intelligence that the Elbe is block-
aded was received at Hamburg on the 21st,
when, as might be expected, it created
general consternation. The prince of
Hesse Philipsthal still continues to defend,
in the bravest manner, the fortress of
Gae. No art is neglected to induce him
to surrender, but he positively refuses.

By the last advices from Vienna, the
proceedings against gen. Mack are nearly
terminated. He is declared insane.

April 29.

The following extracts from our Ham-
burg correspondent's letter, will be found
interesting:

"Hamburg April 18.

"In the Correspondent of this date is
inserted an article, at the express request
of the Prussian minister here, contradicting
the report that his Swedish majesty
had received a note from the Prussian
ministry, intimating a desire on the part of
their sovereign that he would order his
troops to evacuate the Hanoverian territo-
ries on this side of the Elbe. Notwith-
standing this formal contradiction, the best
informed persons here continue to assert,
that a communication to the above effect
has actually been made. In the mean time
his Swedish majesty has given orders to
count De Lowenheim to defend to the last
his positions in the Lauenburgh. The
count was joined a few days ago by a rein-
forcement of several battalions from Swe-
dish Pomerania. On the 10th instant he
moved his head-quarters from Ratzburgh
to Buchen, which is still nearer the Elbe.

"Private letters from Berlin of the 15th
state, that the troops stationed under count
Kalkreuth, in Prussian Pomerania, are or-
dered to hold themselves in readiness to
march at a moment's notice.

"The Prussian troops are spreading
themselves over every part of the electorate of
Hanover, on the other side of the Elbe.
Within these few days, a party of them
took possession of the celebrated univer-
sity of Gottingen, where they immediately
put seals on the presses belonging to the
different professorships. The names, arms
and mottoes of the different colleges are to
be changed. In the matriculation registers
and diplomas, every thing has been erased
which bears any reference to the house of
Hanover or the British sovereign.

"Two mails from London being still due,
and our merchants being uncertain whether
their late purchase in England will ever
reach them, many of them have found
themselves under the necessity of with-
holding their acceptance of bills drawn
upon them by their English correspond-
ents."

The brig Hiram, D. as, arrived at Bremen
on the 28th of March from New York.

The Oel Baum, from Charleton, for Bremen
detained and sent into Plymouth, Ship Georg
Washington, from Batavia for Salem, detained
at Plymouth. The Swedish ship Active, from
Wilmington, detained at Plymouth. The Pal-
lis, Rice, from Hamburg, for New York, de-
tained at Dover.

Falmouth, April 23.—Arrived the Edward
from Charleton, for Hamburg; the Columbus
Hendrickson, and America, from Baltimore
both for Bremen, detained.

At Bristol, the Hope, Campbell, from New
York. At Clyde, Margaret, Miller, from Bos-
ton.

Falmouth, April 26.—Arrived, ship Melpo-
meny Dandeny, from New York, for Amster-
dam, detained by the Betsby privateer.

Deal, April 28.—Arrived, the ship Radius,
Farley, from New York, for Bremen, detained
by the Furyus gun brig.

Dover, April 27.—Arrived, the Columbus, of
Charleton, detained, on her return from Rotter-
dam with a cargo.

Plymouth, April 23.—Arrived, the Three
Sisters, from Holland, for Philadelphia, detained.

Plymouth, April 19.—Came, ship Ocean, Pin-
dar, from New York, for Hamburg, detained
by the Betsby privateer.

Falmouth, April 18.—Detained, the ship Fi-
delia, Lejoy, from New York, for Amsterdam,
and brig Jane, Baine, from New York for Ham-
burg. The ship Betsby, Miller, from N. York
for Amsterdam, sent into Plymouth.

Also detained, ship Carmelite, Sterling, from
New York for Amsterdam; brig Jane, from do.
for Hamburg; Columbus, of Charleton, from
Amsterdam; Joa. Elisabeth, from do. for
Hamburg; Hercules, Cose, from do. for Brem-
en; Columbus, Hendrickson, from Balti-

more for Bremen; America, from do. for Bremen;
William, Crain, from do. for Hamburg; In-
dustry, from do. for Amsterdam; Onderneem-
ende Wende, from do. for Bremen; Bel-
la, from do. for Bremen; Portsmouth, Lewis,
from Afric; Three Sisters, from Holland, for
Philadelphia; Swedish ship Active, from Wil-
mingto; James Walton, Burns, from Philadel-
phia, for Amsterdam; Fall Weather, Smart,
from Wilmington; and Speculation, Little, from
do.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

SATURDAY, MAY 31.

MR. SNOWDEN.

Some 12 or 15 mons ago sub-
scriptions were taken in Alexandria, for
a Map of Virginia, to be delivered in Octo-
ber, 1805. Permit me to ask, through
your paper, what has become of it?

A SUBSCRIBER.

SHIP NEWS.

Port of Alexandria.

ARRIVED,

Schooner Little Poll, capt. Curtis, from
Portsmouth, N. H. sundries, H. K. May
and John Gird.

Sloop Monzuma, capt. Palmer, Nor-
folk. Mordecai Miller.

Liberia, Lombard, from Boston, John
C. Ladd.

Brig Nancy, captain Weston, of Wash-
ington city, from Lisbon.

Sloop Unity, captain Hand, from Phila-
delphia.

Brig Triton, captain Freeman, 21 days
from Windsor, Nova Scotia—Plaster and
fish—James Keith, jun.

Sloop Columbia, captain Hadley, 7 days
from New Haven—Lubber and Pork—
To the Supercargo on board.

Ship Ann, Bradford, 60 day from Lis-
bon—Salt, Wine and Freight—R. T. Hooe,
and Co.

April 1, lat. 38, 11, long. 11, 39, spoke
the ship Catharine, Dowdell, of New York,
11 days from some port in the Medi-
terranean, bound to Hamburg.

May 10, lat. 30, 19, long. 60, spoke the
schooner Sweep, Tippens, 9 days from Sa-
lem, bound to Martinico.

May 13, lat. 33, long. 68, 30, spoke the
schooner Maulda, Madox, 3 days
from Philadelphia, bound to St. Thomas.

May 21, lat. 37, long. 74, spoke the
schooner Favorite, Campbell, of Philadel-
phia, 3 days out, bound to Martinico.

Ship United States, captain Borrowdale,
63 days from Rotterdam—Ballast—Jonah

JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale by

ROBERT GRAY,

THE SECOND VOLUME OF

CHASE'S TRIAL.

Price to subscribers Two Dollars Fifty Cents
for the second volume—To non-subscribers Five
Dollars the set.

MAY 22.

JOHN WATTS,

ALEXANDRIA,

Has just received, per the William Murdoch,
(via Baltimore) from London, a complete as-
sortment of

SPRING GOODS,

Which he will sell low for cash, or to punctual
customers, viz.

Gentlemen's Silk and Cotton Hose

do. Silk and Leather Gloves

Ladies' Silk and Cotton Hoses

do. Silk and Leather Gloves

Silk and Cotton Chamber Muslins

3 8, 7 8, and 9 8 undressed Ginghams

Figured and plain Jaconet Cambricks

Plain and figured Jaconet Muslin

India Book Muslin

White and colored Cambricks

Plain and figured Leno Muslin

Leno Shawls and Veils

Italian Crepes and Lutestrings

London Chintzes and Calicos

White and colored Jean

Cambric Dimities

First shop Long Nankeens.

Marseilles Jean and Muslin Waitcoating

Brown and Scarlet Bandages

Real Madras Hankerchiefs

3 4, 4 4, and 8 4 Damask Shawls

Diaper Table Cloths

Ruffia Sheetings

White and brown Sheetings

Superfine Cloths and Cambrics

2 pieces Salisbury Cloth

3 bales India Goods

7 8 and 4 4 Irish Linens

White and brown Platillas

Umbrellas and Parasols

German Ticklenborgs

White and brown Rolls

Bed Ticking

Apron and Shirting Checks

Waldron's Glaes and Cradling Scythes

Weeding Hoes assorted in calks

Gentlemen's best London Hats, &c. &c.

MAY 6.

TO RENT,

And possession will be given the 20th May,

A TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE, situate on Fairfax Street, lately occupied by Mr. Davis, shoemaker. The stand is good, and having been occupied for a length of time by a person eminent in his business, renders it an eligible situation for a person of that business. For terms apply to

Thomas Irwin, or
John Adam.

MAY 3.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the hon. the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, for the County of Alexandria, made between Richard Prince, compt. and the heirs and representatives of Robert M'Crea, deceased, defendant, will be sold, at Public Sale, on Saturday the 14th day of June, at the Coffee House, in Alexandria, on a credit of six months: One moiety of an annual ground rent, of 14 dollars upon a lot in Union street, leased to Thomas Cradle, on which there is erected a three story brick house; also, one moiety of an annual ground rent of 40 dollars, on a lot leased to Michael Thorn, in Wales's Alley, now the property of Samuel Nichols, on which there is improvements; also on a credit of six and twelve months, one moiety of a lot of ground on Pitt street, fronting 46 feet, and running back 123 feet 5 inches, security will be required on the above property for the payment of the purchase money.

G. Denale, Commissioner.

MAY 20.

o 14 Je

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber this day, after having feloniously carried off, on the night of the 20th inst. a large trunk and chest of wearing apparel and other articles (which have since been recovered) a Mulatto servant slave, named MOSES, who calls himself Moses Gaines. He is 45 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, tolerably well formed, has a concealed countenance, is very artful and villainous, and may impose himself as a freeman. He had on when he went off, a green cloth short coat with fellow metal buttons, a white striped Marseilles vest, olive colored corduroy breeches, white cotton stockings, and shoes; all his other clothes have been secured, but he may change those he wore away. He is however pretty generally known to be my slave, having lived in my service and travelled about with me for the last fifteen years. I will pay the above reward to any person who will bring him home or secure him in any jail so that I get him again.

Richard M. Scott.

Bush Hill, near Alexandria,

MAY 23.

Printing, in its various branches,
handsomely executed at this office.

JAMES KENNEDY, SEN.

KING-STREET,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has received, from LFB & Co's Patent and Family Medicine Store, New-York, a fresh assortment of the following

Valuable Medicines,

Which are in high esteem and general use throughout the United States, many of them being sold cheaper than the drugs of which they are compounded could be purchased at a retail store.

TAKE NOTICE

That J. Kennedy, sen. is appointed the only agent for ALEXANDRIA.

Dr. HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,

A sovereign remedy for Children, Obstinate Coughs, Asthma, Cataracts, Sore Throats, and approaching Consumption.

To Parents who may have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH;

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it is an immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable. The Elixir is so perfectly agreeable and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

From LUTHER MARTIN, Esq. Attorney-General of the State of Maryland.

Gentlemen,

I comply with your request in stating my opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used in my family for two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever colds, coughs, or similar complaints have rendered medicine necessary. I have myself found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome affection of the breast; accompanied with soreness and with obstructed and difficult breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recommend Hamilton's Elixir, as a valuable medicine, and deserving public attention.

LUTHER MARTIN.

Mr. Abijah Henry, Bridge-street, Baltimore, was cured by one bottle of Hamilton's elixir of a very complicated disorder, occasioned by a severe cold caught several months ago. He breathed with the greatest difficulty, and was often thrown into weakening sweats when he attempted to walk any distance, and his voice would frequently fail in such a degree that he could only attempt to whisper: he has been upwards of six weeks without a return of his complaints and desires to give this public testimony in favor of his invaluable medicine.

Dr. Hamilton's

GRAND RESTORATIVE,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which result from dissipated pleasures—juvenile indiscretions—residence in climates unfavorable to the constitution—the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or any other destructive intemperance—the unskillful or excessive use of mercury—the diseases peculiar to females at a certain period of life—bad lying in, &c. &c.

And is proved by long and extensive experience to be absolutely unparalleled in the cure of Nervous Disorders, Consumption, Loss of spirits, Loss of appetite, Impurity of the blood, Hydrocephalus, Impairment of the brain, Gout in the stomach, Pains in the limbs, Relaxations, Involuntary emissions, Fluorosis (or whiteness) of the bowels, Impotency, &c. &c.

In cases of extremity, where the long prevalence and obstinacy of disease has brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could repair, a perseverance in the use of this medicine has performed the most astonishing cures.

HAMILTON'S ESSENCE AND EXTRACT OF MUSTARD,

A safe and effectual remedy for gout, rheumatism, palsy, sprains, bruises, pains in the face and neck, &c. &c. And has performed more cures in the above complaint than all the other medicines ever before made public.

From Dr. Weatherburn,

Wythe county, Virginia.

GENTLEMEN,

I purchased at your shop the preparations you call Hamilton's Essence, or Extract of Mustard, which I believe has perfectly removed a chronic rheumatism (of that kind named friatica, or of the hip joint) under which I had labored for a long time, and which had baffled every article in the Materia Medica, and every mode of treatment received into practice for the cure of this obstinate disease. If you think this letter useful you are at liberty to make it public.

Yours, &c.

W. WEATHERBURN.

John Hoover, rope maker, South Second Street, be Mary and Christian Streets, Philadelphia, voluntarily mites oath as follows, namely,

That his wife, Mary Hoover, was so severely afflicted with a violent rheumatism, very dangerously situated the consequence of a severe cold after lying in, as to be confined to her bed for several weeks, and was at length reduced to the melancholy apprehension of remaining a cripple for life; notwithstanding the most respectable medical advice was followed, and every probable remedy attempted: when seeing several cases of cures performed by Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, they were procured from Mr. Birch, No. 17, South Second Street. The first application enabled her to walk across the room, and the use of one bottle restored her to her usual state of health and strength.

JOHN HOOVER.

Sworn and subscribed before

EBENEZER FERGUSON, Esq.

One of the justices of the peace for Phila.

delphia county.

HAMILTON'S

WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,

Which have within four years past cured upwards of one hundred and twenty thousand persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from worms, and from obstructions or swellings in the stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever of similar title, to commonly complained of as operating with violence, on the contrary a particular excellence of this

contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week old should no worms exist in the body, but will, with out pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders. They are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humors and corrupt humors; feverish and bilious complaints and the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on the occasion.

Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infest the human body, are chiefly of four kinds, viz. the Tapeworm, the Alcavides, or small maw worm, the Cucurbitina, or short flat, white worm, and lastly, the Texia or tape worm, so called from its resemblance to tape; this is often many yards long, and is full of joints—it is most hurtful and most difficult to cure.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are disagreeable breath, especially in the morning—Bad and corrupt gums—Itching in the nose and about the seat—Convulsions and epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech—Starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep—Irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious—Purging, with slimy and fecid stools—Vomiting—Large and hard belly—Pains and sicknesses at the stomach—Pains in the head and thighs, with lowness of spirits—Slow fever, with small and irregular pulse—A dry cough—Excessive thirst—Sometimes pale and uncheerful countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's worm-destroying lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season will effectually prevent the vomiting and purging of children, a dreadful disorder which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our cities. It is likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known and has restored to health and strength a great number when in advanced stages of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness, having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

CASES OF CURES—

By Hamilton's

WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,

(Selected from thousands) the authenticity of which any person may ascertain either by letter or personal application.

TAPE WORM.

Mr. SAMUEL FULLER, Inn keeper, on the Harford road, ten miles from Baltimore, began about twenty months ago to be grievously afflicted with a tape worm, which increased fast in size and strength, so as to excite the most horrid sensations by his writhing motions and intolerable pains, resembling the gnawing and tearing of his bowels, which deprived him of his necessary sleep, and caused such dreadful apprehensions as cannot be conceived but by one in a similar situation—his appetite wasted rapidly, and with that his strength, so that he was unable to attend to any business—when he heard of some excellent cures performed by Hamilton's worm-
lozenges, he took a large dose, which brought away about FOUR YARDS of the worm (now in the possession of Lee, & co.) but a renewal of his pains soon convinced him that this monstrous reptile had recovered its first vigor—Application was made to Lee & Co, for more of their medicine, with their advice, from which resulted the total expulsion of his formidable enemy, in several pieces, which he supposed to be SIX OR EIGHT YARDS more. A few months have since elapsed, and Mr. Fuller is now in perfect health. The above facts are well known to a numerous circle of his neighbors and himself will gratify any who may wish to make further inquiries on the subject.

Although Hamilton's worm-
lozenges produce such powerful effects, when necessary, yet they are perfectly innocent and mild in their operation on the human body, even taken in large doses, as Mr. Fuller will testify—their particular mildness is abundantly evident in innumerable cures of infants.

Communicated by Dr. John Spangler, York town, Pennsylvania.

Letter from the reverend Mr. JOHN MOLTHER minister of the Moravian church, in York town.

YORK, January 4th, 1802.

DEAR SIR,

Dr. Hamilton's lozenges have been recommended to me as a very adequate means for the cure of children afflicted with worms. I procured a box for the use of my family, to try whether by means of this medicine I might be enabled to gain a point, which, to accomplish, different other means had proved abortive. My eldest boy had a very sickly appearance, was very restless at night, grew leaner from time to time; in short, he seemed to be in a precarious state of health, which would yield to none of the medicines administered, until I gave him two doses of lozenges, agreeably to the directions, which carried off a substance to all appearance a mere insect but upon close inspection quite repelled with very small living animals. Not one of that sort of worms which usually afflict children came from him. Since that period he grew remarkably better in health, and though lean, has a fresh and lively complexion. Upon different occasions, I have used this medicine exceedingly well, without bringing on belly ache, or any other disagreeable sensations, to often occasioned by purging medicines. Upon this, one of the main object, which I judge this medicine to be, besides its main object, one of the most salutary means for restoring lost appetite, and promoting a proper state of digestion, by carrying off that bilious substance, which engenders so much indigestion both among children and adults.

I am, Sir, your most obedient servant,

JOHN MOLTHER.

Dr. Hahn's true and genuine German Corn Plaster.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

The genuine Persian Lotion,</h3